



Sonatel: An IPv6 Experience

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Outline



- Why IPv6?
- Networking strategy in one slide
- Sonatel context
- Organizing an IPv6 project
- Sonatel IPv6 organization
- Communication is key
- Lessons learned





0 Address, 1 Solution, 2 Problems

- IPv6 is the only perennial solution to global IPv4 address depletion
- But IPv4 service continuity during forthcoming transition period is a MUST
 - Not addressed by IPv6 because migration cannot be done overnight



Why IPv6?



- Only perennial solution to IPv4 address depletion
- Cornerstone of business continuity and catalyst of business development
 - Mobile data, M2M
- One-size-fits-all solution
 - Enterprise, Mobile, N-Play, Wholesale





(Fixed) Networking Strategy

Dual Stack architecture

 CPE, network devices and platforms are DSenabled

 IPv6 prefixes are dynamically assigned to CPE by means of DHCPv6

Hosts connected to
CPE devices
automatically form their
IPv6 addresses

IPv₆ Internet Preserved PE' **MPLS Core** Forwarding Plane PE IPv4 Internet DS-Lite CGN IPv6 IPv4 DS CPE IPv4 Device **Dual Stack Device** IPv6 Device



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Sonatel Context

- Anticipate global Internet evolution
 - Make sure customers can access IPv6 contents whatever their location (Asia, Europe)
- Consolidate technical leadership
 - Promote IPv6 usage while confirming robust know-how
 - Cornerstone of business development
- Become one of the major IPv6 African references
 - Staunch communication and evangelization efforts





Going Step-by-Step

- Consolidate IPv4 address usage and depletion forecasts
 - As per business development perspectives and market coverage
- Conduct audit, both network- and service-wise
 - Assess IPv6 impact *including* IT
- Derive project organization accordingly
 - Yielding "Architecture", "Deployment" and "Operations" WGs
 - Not to forget (marketing-driven) "communication" WG
 - IT aspects may deserve specific project and further coordination
 - IPv6 training organization is strongly encouraged
- Charter project governance
 - Makes sure resources are properly allocated as per project scope, milestones and deliverables and IPv4 address depletion forecasts



Consolidation of IPv4 Forecasts

- Measure current burn rate
 - Number of IPv4 addresses allocated on a monthly basis
 - As a function of market coverage
- Revisit current practice, e.g.:
 - IPv4 addresses used to number routers of the network
 - IPv4 efficiency ratio and possible optimization opportunities
- Estimate IPv4 address depletion accordingly
 - Major milestone for IPv6 project organization and subsequent retro-planning
- Effort can take a week or more depending on organization scope



IPv6 Audit



- Provide detailed inventory of various components:
 - Not only routers (with detailed OS, S/W and H/W configuration)
 - But also servers (DNS, DHCP, AAA) and platforms (if any VoIP, IPTV)
 - Let alone IT and CPE, and possible mobile devices (GGSN)
- Document network topologies
 - Current design may also influence the way IPv6 will be introduced
- Effort usually takes no more than a couple of weeks
 - Assuming a minimum of dedicated resource(s) in the country





Two-Phased Project

- Phase 1 (2009 2011)
 - Service scope-restricted pilot deployment covering both residential (Internet service) and corporate (IPv6 VPN service) markets
- Phase 2 (2011 and beyond)
 - Design and organize IPv6-enabled IPTV service offering
 - E-learning facilities provided to Senegalese academics in collaboration with French NRN
 - Refine engineering rules and operational procedures prior to generalized deployment (fixed)
 - Investigate mobile environments





Communication is Key

- IPv6 training organized in October 2009
 - Opportunity to develop Sonatel management's IPv6 awareness
- Dakar's SISIT conference of October 2010
 - Successful opportunity to promote IPv6 usage towards potential corporate customers
- Participation to June 8 World IPv6 Day
 - Native IPv6 access to Sonatel portal
- Support of IPv6 ad hoc features is mandatory as documented in every RFP initiative





(Some) Lessons Learned

- Transition is where most technical challenges reside
 - IPv4 service continuity is a MUST
 - IT should be upgraded first
- Some vendors are not IPv6-minded yet
 - E.g. CPE and STB markets
 - This sometimes mandates in-house workarounds that delay generalized deployment
- Project resources MUST be committed
 - Key to project success
 - Think IPv6 as an opportunity not a constraint







Thank You!

